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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

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**FORM 10-Q**

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(Mark One)  
 **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020**

**OR**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**Commission File Number: 001-36729**

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**FRESHPET, INC.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

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**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**400 Plaza Drive, 1st Floor, Secaucus, New Jersey**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (201) 520-4000**

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**20-1884894**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**07094**  
(Zip Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock	FRPT	NASDAQ Global Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company,” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of July 31, 2020, the registrant had 40,474,693 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, outstanding.

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## Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this report are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements discuss our current expectations and projections relating to our financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. These statements may include words such as “aim,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “forecast,” “outlook,” “potential,” “project,” “projection,” “plan,” “intend,” “seek,” “may,” “could,” “would,” “will,” “should,” “can,” “can have,” “likely,” the negatives thereof and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events. They appear in a number of places throughout this report and include statements regarding our intentions, beliefs or current expectations concerning, among other things, our results of operations, financial condition, liquidity, prospects, growth, strategies and the industry in which we operate. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that we expected, including:

- our ability to successfully implement our growth strategy;
- our ability to timely complete the construction of our Freshpet Kitchens 2.0, Kitchens South and Kitchens 3.0 (together, the “Freshpet Kitchens expansion projects”) and achieve the anticipated benefits therefrom;
- the effect of the novel coronavirus (“COVID-19”) on our business, employees, suppliers, customers and end consumers;
- the loss of key members of our senior management team;
- allegations that our products cause injury or illness or fail to comply with government regulations;
- the loss of a significant customer;
- the entrance of new competitors into our industry;
- the effectiveness of our marketing and trade spending programs;
- our ability to introduce new products and improve existing products;
- our limited manufacturing capacity;
- the impact of government regulation, scrutiny, warning and public perception;
- the effect of false marketing claims;
- adverse weather conditions, natural disasters, pestilences and other natural conditions affecting our operations;
- our ability to develop and maintain our brand;
- the effect of potential price increases and shortages on the inputs, commodities and ingredients that we require;
- our ability to manage our supply chain effectively;
- our ability to generate sufficient cash flow or raise capital on acceptable terms;
- volatility in the price of our common stock; and
- other factors discussed under the headings “Risk Factors”, “Business” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and in this report.

While we believe that our assumptions are reasonable, we caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known factors and it is impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results. All forward-looking statements are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. You should evaluate all forward-looking statements made in this report in the context of these risks and uncertainties.

Item 1. Financial Statements

FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 107,727,885	\$ 9,471,676
Short-term investments	20,001,196	—
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	22,651,347	18,580,840
Inventories, net	18,692,994	12,542,269
Prepaid expenses	2,782,085	3,275,992
Other current assets(1)	765,463	10,452,990
Total Current Assets	<u>172,620,970</u>	<u>54,323,767</u>
Property, plant and equipment, net	220,074,510	165,287,597
Deposits on equipment	6,134,329	3,600,931
Operating lease right of use assets	8,690,401	9,154,234
Other assets	4,340,100	3,759,058
Total Assets	<u>\$ 411,860,310</u>	<u>\$ 236,125,587</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Accounts payable	\$ 9,090,164	\$ 18,667,729
Accrued expenses(1)	8,985,593	22,132,928
Current operating lease liabilities	1,336,694	1,185,058
Total Current Liabilities	<u>19,412,451</u>	<u>41,985,715</u>
Long term debt	—	54,466,099
Long term operating lease liabilities	7,856,832	8,409,252
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 27,269,283</u>	<u>\$ 104,861,066</u>
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:</b>		
Common stock — voting, \$0.001 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 40,480,225 issued and 40,466,056 outstanding on June 30, 2020, and 36,162,433 issued and 36,148,264 outstanding on December 31, 2019	40,480	36,162
Additional paid-in capital	591,386,109	334,299,172
Accumulated deficit	(206,172,555)	(202,735,417)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(406,781)	(79,170)
Treasury stock, at cost — 14,169 shares on June 30, 2020 and on December 31, 2019	(256,226)	(256,226)
Total Stockholders' Equity	<u>384,591,027</u>	<u>131,264,521</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u>\$ 411,860,310</u>	<u>\$ 236,125,587</u>

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

(1) See Note 10 for additional information.

FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS  
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
NET SALES	\$ 79,980,060	\$ 60,052,179	\$ 150,077,864	\$ 114,844,381
COST OF GOODS SOLD	46,046,979	32,725,598	84,355,157	61,602,819
GROSS PROFIT	33,933,081	27,326,581	65,722,707	53,241,562
SELLING, GENERAL, AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	33,702,103	32,672,284	68,378,046	61,904,534
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	230,978	(5,345,703)	(2,655,339)	(8,662,972)
<b>OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSES):</b>				
Other Income/(Expenses), net	23,586	(20,748)	45,104	(3,453)
Interest Expense	(79,869)	(275,649)	(783,703)	(378,425)
	<u>(56,283)</u>	<u>(296,397)</u>	<u>(738,599)</u>	<u>(381,878)</u>
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	174,695	(5,642,100)	(3,393,938)	(9,044,850)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	21,600	19,250	43,200	38,500
INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	<u>\$ 153,095</u>	<u>\$ (5,661,350)</u>	<u>\$ (3,437,138)</u>	<u>\$ (9,083,350)</u>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS):</b>				
Change in foreign currency translation	\$ (386,566)	\$ (153,321)	\$ (327,611)	\$ (62,274)
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)	<u>(386,566)</u>	<u>(153,321)</u>	<u>(327,611)</u>	<u>(62,274)</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ (233,471)</u>	<u>\$ (5,814,671)</u>	<u>\$ (3,764,749)</u>	<u>\$ (9,145,624)</u>

**NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS**

-BASIC	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.25)
-DILUTED	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.25)
<b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OUTSTANDING USED IN COMPUTING NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS</b>				
-BASIC	40,338,982	35,930,350	38,891,370	35,800,061
-DILUTED	41,509,819	35,930,350	38,891,370	35,800,061

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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**FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CHANGES TO STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock - Voting				Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Treasury Stock		Total Stockholders' Equity
	Number of Shares Issued	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit		Number of Shares	Amount	
BALANCES, December 31, 2019	36,162,433	\$ 36,162	\$ 334,299,172	\$ (202,735,417)	\$ (79,170)	14,169	\$ (256,226)	\$ 131,264,521
Exercise of options to purchase common stock	44,156	44	402,512	—	—	—	—	402,556
Issuance of restricted stock units	64,823	65	(644,664)	—	—	—	—	(644,599)
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	2,241,847	—	—	—	—	2,241,847
Shares issued in primary offering	3,999,999	4,000	252,058,254	—	—	—	—	252,062,254
Foreign Currency Translation	—	—	—	—	58,955	—	—	58,955
Net loss	—	—	—	(3,590,233)	—	—	—	(3,590,233)
BALANCES, March 31, 2020	40,271,411	\$ 40,271	\$ 588,357,121	\$ (206,325,650)	\$ (20,215)	14,169	\$ (256,226)	\$ 381,795,301
Exercise of options to purchase common stock	199,796	200	1,687,780	—	—	—	—	1,687,980
Issuance of restricted stock units	9,018	9	(991,706)	—	—	—	—	(991,697)
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	2,332,915	—	—	—	—	2,332,915
Shares issued in primary offering	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Foreign Currency Translation	—	—	—	—	(386,566)	—	—	(386,566)
Net loss	—	—	—	153,095	—	—	—	153,095
BALANCES, June 30, 2020	40,480,225	\$ 40,480	\$ 591,386,109	\$ (206,172,555)	\$ (406,781)	14,169	\$ (256,226)	\$ 384,591,027

	Common Stock - Voting				Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Treasury Stock		Total Stockholders' Equity
	Number of Shares Issued	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit		Number of Shares	Amount	
BALANCES, December 31, 2018	35,556,595	\$ 35,556	\$ 323,079,437	\$ (201,352,682)	\$ (31,610)	14,169	\$ (256,226)	\$ 121,474,475
Exercise of options to purchase common stock	248,195	248	1,791,420	—	—	—	—	1,791,668
Issuance of restricted stock units	61,532	62	(673,836)	—	—	—	—	(673,774)
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	1,260,126	—	—	—	—	1,260,126
Foreign Currency Translation	—	—	—	—	91,047	—	—	91,047
Net loss	—	—	—	(3,422,000)	—	—	—	(3,422,000)
BALANCES, March 31, 2019	35,866,322	\$ 35,866	\$ 325,457,147	\$ (204,774,682)	\$ 59,437	14,169	\$ (256,226)	\$ 120,521,542
Exercise of options to purchase common stock	194,497	194	1,983,685	—	—	—	—	1,983,879
Issuance of restricted stock units	29,126	29	(579,207)	—	—	—	—	(579,178)
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	1,480,882	—	—	—	—	1,480,882
Foreign Currency Translation	—	—	—	—	(153,321)	—	—	(153,321)
Net loss	—	—	—	(5,661,350)	—	—	—	(5,661,350)
BALANCES, June 30, 2019	36,089,945	\$ 36,089	\$ 328,342,507	\$ (210,436,032)	\$ (93,884)	14,169	\$ (256,226)	\$ 117,592,454

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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**FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(Unaudited)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (3,437,138)	\$ (9,083,350)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loss/(gains) on accounts receivable	6,631	(2,520)

Loss on disposal of equipment	35,855	684
Share-based compensation	4,464,116	2,630,180
Inventory obsolescence	151,123	105,170
Depreciation and amortization	9,893,912	7,643,452
Amortization of deferred financing costs and loan discount	691,467	72,294
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(4,077,138)	(7,027,205)
Inventories	(6,301,848)	(4,013,770)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	10,181,434	(177,392)
Operating lease right of use	463,833	(177,249)
Other assets	(211,754)	(44,498)
Accounts payable	(3,430,173)	(158,556)
Accrued expenses	(13,147,335)	(31,969)
Other lease liabilities	(400,784)	229,194
Other current liabilities	—	200,000
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(5,117,799)	(9,835,535)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchase of short-term investments	(20,001,196)	—
Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment, software and deposits on equipment	(73,250,757)	(22,888,753)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(93,251,953)	(22,888,753)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from common shares issued in primary offering, net of issuance cost	252,062,253	—
Proceeds from exercise of options to purchase common stock	2,090,536	3,775,548
Tax withholdings related to net shares settlements of restricted stock units	(1,636,296)	(1,252,953)
Proceeds from borrowings under Credit Facilities	20,933,000	35,307,000
Repayment of borrowings under Credit Facilities	(76,000,000)	(7,500,000)
Financing fees paid in connection with borrowings	(823,532)	(406,859)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	196,625,961	29,922,736
<b>NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>98,256,209</b>	<b>(2,801,552)</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>9,471,676</b>	<b>7,554,388</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD</b>	<b>\$ 107,727,885</b>	<b>\$ 4,752,836</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>		
Interest paid	\$ 789,417	\$ 165,844
<b>NON-CASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Property, plant and equipment purchases in accounts payable	\$ 1,427,123	\$ 7,662,437

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

#### Note 1 – Nature of the Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

**Nature of the Business** – Freshpet, Inc. (hereafter referred to as “Freshpet”, the “Company”, “we” or “our”), a Delaware corporation, manufactures and markets natural fresh meals and treats for dogs and cats. The Company’s products are distributed throughout the United States and other international markets, into major retail classes including Grocery (including online), Mass and Club, Pet Specialty, and Natural retail.

**Basis of Presentation** – The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (“U.S. GAAP”). The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company as well as the Company’s wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the annual audited consolidated financial statements and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). In the opinion of management, the interim unaudited financial statements reflect all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair statement of the Company’s financial position as of June 30, 2020, the results of its operations and changes to stockholders’ equity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and its cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2020, or any other interim periods, or any future year or period. Certain amounts that appear in this report may not add up because of differences due to rounding.

These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes in Item 8 of Part II, “Financial Statements and Supplementary Data,” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.

**Estimates and Uncertainties** – The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results, as determined at a later date, could differ from those estimates.

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments** – Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) guidance specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect market assumptions. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 primarily consists of financial instruments whose value is based on quoted market prices such as exchange-traded instruments and listed equities.
- Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (e.g., quoted prices of similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active). Level 2 includes financial instruments that are valued using models or other valuation methodologies.
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Financial instruments are considered Level 3 when their fair values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flows or similar techniques and at least one significant model assumption or input is unobservable.

FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Unaudited)

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, other receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate their fair value based on the short-term maturity of these instruments.

As of June 30, 2020, the Company only maintained Level 1 assets and liabilities.

**Short-Term Investments** – The Company holds interest-bearing certificates of deposits with financial institutions with maturities ranging from three months to one year. Certificates of deposit are classified as short-term investments and interest is recorded as other income.

**Trade accounts receivable** – The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on the Company's assessment of the collectability of customer accounts. The Company regularly reviews the allowance by considering factors such as historical experience, credit quality, the age of the accounts receivable balances and current economic conditions that may affect a customer's ability to pay.

**Restricted Stock Tax Withholdings** – To meet payroll tax withholdings obligations arising from the vesting of restricted share units, the Company withheld 87,543 shares totaling \$1.0 million and 97,620 shares totaling \$1.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, and withheld 13,383 shares totaling \$0.6 million and 31,734 shares totaling \$1.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively. Shares of common stock withheld for tax withholdings do not reduce the Company's total share repurchase authority.

**Debt Issuance Cost** – During the first quarter of 2020, the Company paid the outstanding balance of the Delayed Draw Term Loan associated with the Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement and wrote down \$0.6 million of the related fees to interest expense.

During the second quarter of 2020, as part of the Fifth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (as amended, the "New Loan Agreement"), the Company incurred an additional \$0.8 million of fees associated with the debt modification, of which \$0.6 million of the fees were related to the Delayed Draw Term Loan with the remaining balance relating to the Revolving Loan Facility. The Company's policy is to record the debt issuance cost related to the Delayed Draw Term Loan, net of debt, for the portion of the Delayed Draw Term Loan that is outstanding, with the remaining amount recorded within assets. As of June 30, 2020, there was \$1.1 million of debt issuance cost that were recorded to other assets and less than \$0.3 million was recorded to other current assets.

The Company amortizes debt issuance costs categorized as assets on a straight-line basis over the term of the loan and amortizes the debt issuance costs that are categorized net of debt using the effective interest method, over the term of the loan.

**Net Sales** - Information about the Company's net sales by class of retailer is as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Grocery (including Online), Mass and Club	\$ 68,284,447	\$ 49,920,536	\$129,103,297	\$ 95,628,433
Pet Specialty and Natural	11,695,613	10,131,643	20,974,567	19,215,948
Net Sales	<u>\$ 79,980,060</u>	<u>\$ 60,052,179</u>	<u>\$150,077,864</u>	<u>\$114,844,381</u>



FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Unaudited)

**Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. The standard requires an entity to utilize a new impairment model known as the current expected credit loss (“CECL”) model to estimate its lifetime “expected credit loss” and record an allowance that, when deducted from the amortized cost basis of the financial asset, presents the net amount expected to be collected on the financial asset. The CECL model is expected to result in more timely recognition of credit losses. The new guidance is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The reported results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 reflect the application of ASU 2016-13. The application of the update did not have a material impact to our allowance for doubtful accounts. Please see the description of the Company’s “Trade accounts receivable” accounting policy above.

**Note 2 – Inventories:**

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Raw Materials and Work in Process	\$ 6,855,331	\$ 4,453,498
Packaging Components Material	1,845,295	1,419,155
Finished Goods	10,251,820	6,842,359
	18,952,446	12,715,012
Reserve for Obsolete Inventory	(259,452)	(172,743)
	<u>\$ 18,692,994</u>	<u>\$ 12,542,269</u>

**Note 3 – Property, Plant and Equipment:**

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Refrigeration Equipment	\$ 106,012,579	\$ 97,568,137
Machinery and Equipment	69,543,548	54,274,118
Building, Land, and Improvements	27,255,091	25,621,495
Furniture and Office Equipment	4,946,145	4,931,703
Leasehold Improvements	748,060	395,241
Automotive Equipment	164,430	309,137
Construction in Progress	96,170,302	58,587,375
	304,840,155	241,687,206
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(84,765,645)	(76,399,609)
	<u>\$ 220,074,510</u>	<u>\$ 165,287,597</u>

Depreciation expense related to property, plant and equipment totaled \$5,365,720 and \$9,738,511 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, of which \$2,550,041 and \$4,293,698 was recorded to cost of goods sold for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, with the remainder of depreciation and amortization expense recorded to selling, general and administrative expense. The increase in depreciation expense was mainly related to Kitchens South.

Depreciation expense related to property, plant and equipment totaled \$3,843,199 and \$7,486,692 for the six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, of which \$1,588,692 and \$3,154,780 was recorded to cost of goods sold for the six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, with the remainder of depreciation and amortization expense recorded to selling, general and administrative expense.

FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Unaudited)

**Note 4 – Accrued Expenses:**

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Legal Contingency (1)	-	10,100,000
Accrued Compensation and Employee Related Costs	3,508,091	6,390,692
Accrued Chiller Cost	1,721,401	1,576,214
Accrued Customer Consideration	650,685	635,399
Accrued Freight	828,728	702,673
Accrued Production Expenses	880,974	413,550
Accrued Marketing	865,584	1,187,885
Other Accrued Expenses	530,129	1,126,515
	<u>\$ 8,985,593</u>	<u>\$ 22,132,928</u>

(1) See Note 10 for additional information.

**Note 5 – Debt:**

On April 17, 2020, the Company entered into the New Loan Agreement, which amended and restated in full the Company's Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of May 15, 2019. The New Loan Agreement provides for a \$165.0 million senior secured credit facility (the "New Credit Facility"), encompassing a \$130.0 million delayed draw term loan facility (the "Delayed Draw Facility") and a \$35.0 million revolving loan facility (the "Revolving Loan Facility"), which replaces the Company's prior \$55.0 million delayed draw term loan facility and \$35.0 million revolving loan facility.

The New Credit Facility matures on April 17, 2025 and borrowings thereunder bear interest at variable rates depending on the Company's election, either at a base rate or at LIBOR (or a comparable successor rate if LIBOR no longer exists), in each case, plus an applicable margin. Subject to the Company's leverage ratio, the applicable margin varies between 0.50% and 1.00% for base rate loans and 1.50% and 2.00% for LIBOR loans. The Company has the option to borrow term loans under the Delayed Draw Facility ("Delayed Draw Term Loans") until October 17, 2022, subject to certain conditions. Commencing on December 31, 2022, the amount of any outstanding Delayed Draw Term Loans shall be repayable in equal consecutive quarterly installments equal to 1/28th of the outstanding Delayed Draw Term Loans and the remainder shall be due and payable on April 17, 2025.

Borrowings under the New Credit Facility are secured by substantially all of the Company's and certain of its subsidiaries' assets. The New Loan Agreement requires compliance with various covenants customary for agreements of this type, including financial covenants and negative covenants that limit, among other things, the Company's ability to incur additional debt, create or incur liens, engage in mergers or consolidations, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of assets, make voluntary prepayments to subordinated debt, permit a change of control, pay dividends or distributions, make investments, and enter into certain transactions with affiliates. The New Loan Agreement also includes events of default customary for agreements of this type.

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company borrowed \$20.9 million under the New Credit Facility, which consisted of \$13.9 million related to Delayed Draw Term Loans, net of unamortized debt issuance cost of less than \$0.1 million, and \$7.0 million related to the Revolving Loan Facility. Subsequent to the borrowings, the Company paid down the outstanding debt on its New Credit Facility of \$76.0 million. As a result, the Company had no debt outstanding under the New Credit Facility as of June 30, 2020.

Net borrowings under the Credit Facilities totaled \$54.5 million at December 31, 2019, of which \$40.5 million net of unamortized debt issuance cost of \$0.6 million, related to the Delayed Draw Term Loans and \$14.0 million related to the Revolving Loan Facility.

In connection with entering into the New Credit Facility, the Company incurred \$0.8 million of debt issuance cost which is capitalized on the balance sheet and amortized over the life of the New Credit Facility.

As of June 30, 2020, there was \$1.4 million of the remaining debt issuance cost from the New Credit Facility as well as fees incurred from the prior credit facilities.

FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Unaudited)

**Note 6– Leases:**

We have various noncancelable lease agreements for office and warehouse space, as well as office equipment, with original remaining lease terms of two years to nine years, some of which include an option to extend the lease term for up to five years. Because the Company is not reasonably certain to exercise these renewal options, the options are not considered in determining the lease term and associated potential option payments are excluded from lease payments. The Company's leases generally do not include termination options for either party to the lease or restrictive financial or other covenants.

Weighted-average remaining lease term (in years) and discount rate related to operating leases were as follows:

Weighted-average remaining lease term	5.68
Weighted-average discount rate	6.06%

As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement date to determine the present value of lease payments.

Maturities of lease liabilities under noncancelable operating leases as of June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
2020 (a)	915,072
2021	1,863,254
2022	1,811,907
2023	1,802,007
2024	1,511,214
2025 and beyond	2,786,004
Total lease payments	<u>10,689,458</u>
Less: Imputed interest	<u>(1,495,932)</u>
Present value of lease liabilities	<u>\$ 9,193,526</u>

(a) Excluding the six months ended June 30, 2020.

FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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A summary of rent expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating lease cost	\$ 458,838	\$ 444,333	\$ 910,993	\$ 701,215

Supplemental cash flow information and non-cash activity relating to operating leases are as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating cash flow information:				
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$ 445,310	\$ 380,046	\$ 849,458	\$ 626,781

**Note 7 – Equity Incentive Plans:**

Total compensation cost for share-based payments recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is \$4,574,762 and \$2,741,009, respectively.

**2010 Stock Plan**—The outstanding options are time-based (vest between two and four years). At June 30, 2020, there were zero shares available for grant as the 2010 Plan is frozen. The total number of unexercised options for the 2010 Plan is 112,085.

**2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan**—In November 2014, the Company approved the 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “2014 Plan”). Under the 2014 Plan, 3,979,200 shares of common stock may be issued or used for reference purposes as awards granted. These awards may be in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, as well as other stock-based and cash-based awards. At June 30, 2020, the awards granted were either time-based, performance-based (vest when performance targets are met, as defined in the stock option grant agreement), or restricted stock units (employee RSUs vest over three years or cliff vest (as defined in the restricted stock agreement) and non-employee director RSUs vest over one year). The total number of unexercised options and RSUs for the 2014 Plan is 2,645,744.

At June 30, 2020, there were 1,351,141 shares of common stock available to be issued or used for reference purposes under the 2014 Plan.

**NASDAQ Marketplace Rules Inducement Award**—During fiscal year 2016 and the six months ended June 30, 2020, share-based awards were granted to the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Vice President of Finance, respectively, as an inducement under the NASDAQ Marketplace Rules, and therefore outside of any Plan. Under the terms of the applicable agreement, each grant is governed as if issued under the 2014 Omnibus Plan. As of June 30, 2020, the awards granted to the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Vice President of Finance were time-based (cliff vest over four years and three years, respectively) and performance-based (vest when performance targets are met, as defined in the stock option grant agreement).

FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Service Period Stock Options**

The following table includes activity related to outstanding service period stock options during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

<b>Service Period Stock Options</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	1,359,990	\$ 11.50
Granted	54,782	62.84
Exercised	(240,265)	8.45
Forfeited	(357)	11.00
Outstanding at June 30, 2020	<u>1,174,150</u>	<u>\$ 14.52</u>

**Performance-Vested Stock Options**

The following table includes activity related to outstanding performance-vested stock options during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

<b>Performance Based Options</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	1,372,819	\$ 18.31
Granted	19,317	63.87
Exercised	(3,687)	16.45
Outstanding at June 30, 2020	<u>1,388,449</u>	<u>\$ 18.95</u>

As of June 30, 2020, 1,322,678 performance-vested stock options at a weighted average exercise price of \$19.16 have performance metrics that are probable of achievement. These shares are included in share-based compensation costs for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

**Restricted Stock Units**

The following table includes activity related to outstanding restricted stock units during the six months ended June 30, 2020.

<b>Restricted Stock Units</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value Per Unit</b>
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	240,229	\$ 29.07
Granted	53,041	63.77
Issued upon vesting	(97,620)	24.51
Forfeited	(420)	27.00
Outstanding at June 30, 2020	<u>195,230</u>	<u>\$ 40.78</u>

FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Note 8 – Earnings Per Share Attributable to Common Shareholder:**

Basic net earnings (loss) per share of common stock is calculated by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Diluted net earnings (loss) per share of common stock is computed by giving effect to all potentially dilutive securities.

The following table includes adjustments between net income and net income attributable to common stockholders for the three months ended June 30, 2020.

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30, 2020</b>
Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Common Stockholders	\$ 153,095
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding, Basic	40,338,982
Dilutive Effect of Share-Based Awards:	
Service Period Stock Options	1,032,095
Restricted Stock Units	113,617
Performance	25,125
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding, Diluted	<u>41,509,819</u>
Basic Earnings per Share	\$ 0.00
Diluted Earnings per Share	\$ 0.00

The potentially dilutive securities are as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Service Period Stock Options	1,519,431	1,325,836	1,602,279	1,602,279
Restricted Stock Units	230,057	220,320	239,602	239,602
Performance Stock Options	24,246	30,793	24,246	24,246
Total	<u>1,773,734</u>	<u>1,576,949</u>	<u>1,866,127</u>	<u>1,866,127</u>

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, diluted net loss per share of common stock is the same as basic net loss per share of common stock, due to the fact that potentially dilutive securities would have an antidilutive effect as the Company incurred a net loss during such periods.

**Note 9 – Concentrations:**

**Concentration of Credit Risk**—The Company maintains its cash balances in financial institutions that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”) up to \$250,000 each. At times, such balances may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limit.

FRESHPET, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**Note 10 – Commitments and Contingencies:**

A securities lawsuit, Curran v. Freshpet, Inc. et al, Docket No. 2:16-cv-02263, was instituted on April 21, 2016 in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey against the Company and certain of the Company's current and former executive officers and directors on behalf of certain purchasers of our common stock. The plaintiffs sought to recover damages for investors under the federal securities laws. On October 3, 2019, the parties filed with the District Court a motion for preliminary approval of settlement that attached the parties' stipulation of settlement and a proposed order. The settlement funds due were paid by the Company's insurers, and the District Court approved the Final Judgment and Order of Dismissal with Prejudice on March 11, 2020 with a 30 day option to appeal. As of June 30, 2020, all settlement funds, totaling \$10.1 million, and legal fees had been dispersed as there had been no appeal taken within 30 days from the entry of the Final Judgement. The Final Judgement was effective April 10, 2020.

A shareholder derivative lawsuit, Meldon v. Freshpet, Inc. et al, Docket No. 2:18-cv-10166, was instituted June 5, 2018 in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey against us and certain of our current and former executive officers and directors on behalf of certain holders of our common stock. We were served with a copy of the complaint in June 2018. The plaintiffs seek to recover damages for investors based on state law claims (alleged breaches of fiduciary duty, waste, and unjust enrichment) in connection with the alleged violations of federal securities laws alleged in the Curran action. On April 3, 2019, the Court granted a stay of the Meldon case pending (i) the close of expert discovery in the Curran action or (ii) the dismissal with prejudice of the Curran action. The parties then entered into settlement discussions, after which the parties reached an agreement in principle to settle the case based on the Company's commitment to continue

certain governance practices. The parties also reached agreement on attorneys' fees. The settlement is subject to court approval. All parties believe that the agreement in principle to settle the dispute is in their respective best interests in order to avoid the risk, uncertainty, and costs associated with litigation. The parties are in the process of finalizing the settlement documents for submission to the District Court. As of June 30, 2020, the Company accrued for an estimated probable loss of \$0.2 million, which represents the proposed settlement and accrued legal fees. The Company concluded that the insurance recovery is probable and recorded a gain contingency of \$0.2 million within other current assets.

**Note 11 – Subsequent Events:**

The Company evaluates events that have occurred after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued for recognitions or disclosures.

The Company did not identify any recognized or unrecognized subsequent events that have required adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations

*The following discussion summarizes the significant factors affecting our consolidated operating results, financial condition, liquidity and cash flows as of and for the periods presented below. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes in Item 1 and with the audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.*

*In addition to historical information, this discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements based on current expectations that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions, such as our plans, objectives, expectations, and intentions set forth under the sections entitled "Forward-Looking Statements" in this report and "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.*

*For information regarding our consolidated operating results, financial condition, liquidity and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2019 as compared to the same period in 2018, refer to "Part I—Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2019, filed with the SEC on August 6, 2019, which information is incorporated herein by reference.*

### Overview

We started Freshpet with a single-minded mission to bring the power of real, fresh food to our dogs and cats. We were inspired by the rapidly growing view among pet owners that their dogs and cats are a part of their family, leading them to demand healthier pet food choices. Since our Company's inception in 2006, we have created a comprehensive business model to deliver wholesome pet food that pet parents can trust, and in the process we believe we have become one of the fastest growing pet food companies in North America. Our business model is difficult for others to replicate and we see significant opportunity for future growth by leveraging the unique elements of our business, including our brand, our product know-how, our Freshpet Kitchens, our refrigerated distribution, our Freshpet Fridge and our culture.

### Recent Developments

#### **Observations on the Effects of COVID-19**

In December 2019, a novel coronavirus disease ("COVID-19") was reported and in January 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") declared it a Public Health Emergency of International Concern. In late February 2020, the WHO raised its assessment of the COVID-19 threat from high to very high at a global level due to the continued increase in the number of cases and affected countries, and in March 2020, the WHO characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic.

Due to COVID-19 our retail customers, in the US, UK and Canada, especially in Grocery and Mass, experienced a surge in consumption as consumers stocked up on food and necessities towards the second half of Q1 2020. The unexpected surge in consumption caused a spike in orders which at times were greater than our production capacity. This caused instances in which we were not able to ship 100% of the orders placed in the first quarter, which was not unusual for consumer-packaged goods companies during the COVID crisis. The surge in consumption lasted through early April. During the second quarter, we were largely able to catch up to the surge in demand we experienced during the first quarter.

At the end of Q1, we announced our post-surge pivot. That strategic pivot was built on a foundation that said, if we could keep our employees safe, then we could rebuild our supply and that would enable us to replenish our product supply in retail stores, which would allow us to turn on our advertising to drive consumption and household penetration gains. As a result, we invested in each of those areas, including safety enhancements to protect our team, incremental capacity at Kitchens South, incremental retail coverage, new e-commerce purchase and delivery options and additional media advertising.

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The Company made and continues to make investments designed to protect its team members. These efforts include taking the temperature of every team member and administering a brief health screening before entering our Freshpet Kitchens, installing increased space for social distancing, instituting staggered shifts, enhancing daily sanitation efforts and weekly deep cleaning of all common areas, requiring use of face coverings by all employees, and limiting visitors, who must also submit to a health check before entering the facilities. Additionally, the Company adjusted its absenteeism policy – and brought in incremental staffing to meet demand – so that any team member who does not feel well does not feel compelled to show up for work. These investments have resulted in us having no known record of the virus being transmitted from one team member to another in our facilities despite the virus being present in our communities. We reinstated the absenteeism policy, with exceptions for those with underlying health risks, on July 1, 2020 and absenteeism has dropped into the single digits.

As noted above, during the second quarter, we were largely able to catch up to the surge in demand we experienced during the first quarter. The Freshpet Kitchens never stopped operating in the second quarter and were able to produce record quantities. This was, in large part, a result of all the safety measures put in place at the Freshpet Kitchens. Additionally, as part of the post-surge pivot, we quickly advanced Kitchens South's start-up of a second shift. Our Q2 record production ensured we were able to increase our fill rates from the mid-70's in early April to the 90's by the end of the quarter. As the year progresses, we will also be better situated to increase our fill rates to the 95+% level we have come to expect as well as supply any potential COVID-19 related demand surges through the investments we are making in additional capacity, with Kitchens 2.0 coming on-line at the beginning of the fourth quarter.

Although the threat of future retail shutdowns and a second wave of infections creates uncertainty with respect to our ability to execute on planned Freshpet Fridge placements, we believe that we are well positioned to continue to drive growth because advertising drives most of our growth. Our ability to advertise has not been impacted, and as the pandemic caused media rates to go down, we have been experiencing better returns for our advertising investment.



Despite the COVID-19 related disruptions, our business growth accelerated during the quarter. Consumers' increased interest in their pets, the strong appeal of the Freshpet idea and products, our ability to continuously run our manufacturing facilities, the increased impact of our advertising, and our customers' realization of the value that Freshpet brings to their pet food category offerings and stores has resulted some of our strongest growth. There is no guarantee that this will continue but it is evidence of the nimbleness of our management team and the strength of the Freshpet brand.

We are unsure how long the COVID-19 pandemic will require us to absorb higher costs to protect and reward our employees while simultaneously ensuring we can support our pet parents with a continual supply of Freshpet products. We are also monitoring our supply of raw materials, ingredients and packaging materials. Although we have not experienced any extended supply interruptions to date and our chicken prices for the year are fixed contractually, subject to limited exceptions, we have used our secondary suppliers from time-to-time, and have also started to experience higher beef prices as a result of reduced supplies. We have estimated that we will spend \$4 million this year on COVID-19 related expenses, with Q2 being the peak expenditure quarter, and estimate that our beef prices will be up almost \$2 million in the second half of the year.

We will continue to monitor the retail environment and pet parent demand, and intend to adapt to changing conditions to continue to drive growth and meet our goal of "changing the way people feed their pets forever" during the evolving COVID-19 pandemic.

Our outlook for the balance of 2020 assumes there is not a material change to customer operations, consumer purchasing behavior, or unexpected changes to our supply chain for the remainder of the year. See the important information in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" below, under the caption "The COVID-19 outbreak has had a material impact on the U.S. and global economies and could have a material adverse impact on our employees, suppliers, customers and end consumers, which could adversely and materially impact our business, financial condition and results of operations."

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### **Supporting Freshpet's Growth –**

At the Company's February 2020 Investor Day, Freshpet's updated strategic plan was presented – "Feed the Growth – 5 by 2025". The strategic plan looks to add 5 million more households by 2025. To support the strategic plan Freshpet is committed to invest in production capacity as well as upgrades to our systems and processes. During 2020 the investments related to capacity upgrades include:

- *Full Conversion of Freshpet Kitchens to Seven-Day Production* – During January 2020, the Company completed the full conversion to seven-day production across all four manufacturing lines at Freshpet Kitchens by converting its final and fourth line to seven-day production.
- *Opening of Kitchens South* – The Company completed its investment of approximately \$15.5 million at a manufacturing facility titled "Kitchens South," which cooked its first meal in February 2020.
- *Freshpet Kitchens 2.0* – The Company has continued to build a 90,000 square-foot addition to our manufacturing location. Freshpet Kitchens 2.0 will make greater use of automation to improve quality, safety and reduce costs. Production start-up is slated to begin in the fourth quarter of 2020. Of the expected, approximately \$115.0 million investment, we have invested approximately \$70.6 million on the project to date, with approximately \$33.6 million invested during 2020.
- *Freshpet Kitchens 3.0* – Located in Ennis, Texas on 74 acres, the initial design and engineering phase has begun. We expect initial production to begin by the fourth quarter of 2022. The Company expects, over time, to install at least seven production lines. Each line is expected to produce approximately \$100.0 million in net sales. We have invested approximately \$5.1 million in the project to date.

Additionally, the Company is upgrading its enterprise resource planning ("ERP") system. The project commenced in Q1 2020 with due diligence regarding software selection. The project is expected to run through Q4 of 2021.

In order to fund the strategic capital investments as well as provide the Company with capital flexibility, the Company performed a primary equity offering which provided proceeds of \$252.1 million.

In addition, on April 17, 2020, the Company entered into a Fifth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with City National Bank, as the arranger and administrative agent, and the other lenders party thereto (the "New Loan Agreement"). The New Loan Agreement provides for a \$165.0 million senior secured credit facility (the "New Credit Facility"), encompassing a \$130.0 million delayed draw term loan facility (the "New Delayed Draw Facility") and a \$35.0 million revolving loan facility (the "New Revolving Loan Facility"), which replaces the Company's prior \$55.0 million delayed draw term loan facility and \$35.0 million revolving loan facility.

The Company intends to use the net proceeds from the primary equity offering, borrowings from the New Credit Facility and cash from operations to continue to fund the Freshpet Kitchens expansion projects.

### **Components of our Operating Results**

#### **Net Sales**

Our net sales are derived from the sale of pet food to our customers, who purchase either directly from us or through third-party distributors. Our products are sold to consumers through a fast-growing network of company-owned branded refrigerators, known as Freshpet Fridges, located in our customers' stores. We continue to roll out Freshpet Fridges at leading retailers across North America and parts of Europe and have installed Freshpet Fridges in approximately 22,100 retail stores as of June 30, 2020. Our products are sold under the Freshpet brand name with ingredients, packaging and labeling customized by class of retail. Sales are recorded net of discounts, slotting, returns and promotional allowances.

Our net sales growth is driven by the following key factors:

- Increasing sales velocity from the average Freshpet Fridge due to increasing awareness, trial and adoption of Freshpet products and innovation. Our investments in marketing and advertising help to drive awareness and trial at each point of sale.
- Increased penetration of Freshpet Fridge locations in major classes of retail, including Grocery (including online), Mass, Club, Pet Specialty, and Natural. The impact of new Freshpet Fridge installations on our net sales varies by retail class and depends on numerous factors including store traffic, refrigerator size, placement within the store, and proximity to other stores that carry our products.
- Consumer trends including growing pet ownership, pet humanization and a focus on health and wellness.

We believe that as a result of the above key factors, we will continue to penetrate the pet food marketplace and increase our share of the pet food category.

### **Gross Profit**

Our gross profit is net of costs of goods sold, which include the costs of product manufacturing, product ingredients, packaging materials and inbound freight.

Our gross profit margins are also impacted by the cost of ingredients, packaging materials, and labor and overhead and share-based compensation related to direct labor and overhead. We expect to mitigate any adverse movement in input costs through a combination of cost management and price increases.

### **Selling, General and Administrative Expenses**

Our selling, general and administrative expenses consist of the following:

*Outbound freight.* We use a third-party logistics provider for outbound freight that ships directly to retailers as well as third-party distributors.

*Marketing & advertising.* Our marketing and advertising expenses primarily consist of national television media, digital marketing, social media and grass roots marketing to drive brand awareness. These expenses may vary from quarter to quarter depending on the timing of our marketing and advertising campaigns. Our Feed the Growth initiative will focus on growing the business through increased marketing investments.

*Freshpet Fridge operating costs.* Freshpet Fridge operating costs consist of repair costs and depreciation. The purchase and installation costs for new Freshpet Fridges are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life. All new refrigerators are covered by a manufacturer warranty for three years. We subsequently incur maintenance and freight costs for repairs and refurbishments handled by third-party service providers.

*Research & development.* Research and development costs consist of expenses to develop and test new products. The costs are expensed as incurred.

*Brokerage.* We use third-party brokers to assist with monitoring our products at the point-of-sale as well as representing us at headquarters for various customers. These brokers visit our retail customers' store locations to ensure items are appropriately stocked and maintained.

*Share-based compensation.* We account for all share-based compensation payments issued to employees, directors and non-employees using a fair value method. Accordingly, share-based compensation expense is measured based on the estimated fair value of the awards on the grant date. We recognize compensation expense for the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest over the period during which the recipient renders the required services to us using the straight-line single option method.

*Other general & administrative costs.* Other general and administrative costs include non-plant personnel salaries and benefits, as well as corporate general & administrative costs.

### **Income Taxes**

We had federal net operating loss ("NOL") carry forwards of approximately \$198.1 million as of December 31, 2019, of which, approximately \$175.0 million, generated in 2017 and prior, will expire between 2025 and 2037. The NOL generated in 2018 and 2019, of approximately \$23.1 million, will have an indefinite carryforward period but can generally only be used to offset 80% of taxable income in any particular year. The Company may be subject to the net operating loss utilization provisions of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"). The effect of an ownership change would be the imposition of an annual limitation on the use of NOL carry forwards attributable to periods before the change. The amount of the annual limitation depends upon the value of the Company immediately before the change, changes to the Company's capital during a specified period prior to the change, and the federal published interest rate. Although we have not completed an analysis under Section 382 of the Code, it is likely that the utilization of the NOLs will be limited. At December 31, 2019, we had approximately \$160.0 million of state NOLs, which expire between 2020 and 2039. At December 31, 2019, we had a full valuation allowance against our net deferred tax assets as the realization of such assets was not considered more likely than not.

### **Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss**

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020		2019		2020		2019	
	Amount	% of Net Sales	Amount	% of Net Sales	Amount	% of Net Sales	Amount	% of Net Sales
	(Dollars in thousands)				(Dollars in thousands)			
Net sales	\$ 79,980	100%	\$ 60,052	100%	\$ 150,078	100%	\$ 114,844	100%
Cost of goods sold	46,047	58	32,726	54	84,355	56	61,603	54

Gross profit	33,933	42	27,326	46	65,723	44	53,241	46
Selling, general and administrative expenses	33,702	42	32,672	54	68,378	46	61,904	54
Income (Loss) from operations	231	0	(5,346)	(9)	(2,655)	(2)	(8,663)	(8)
Other income/(expenses), net	24	0	(21)	(0)	45	0	(3)	(0)
Interest expense	(80)	(0)	(275)	(0)	(784)	(0)	(378)	(0)
Income (Loss) before income taxes	175	0	(5,642)	(9)	(3,394)	(2)	(9,044)	(8)
Income tax expense	22	0	19	0	43	0	39	0
Net Income (loss)	\$ 153	0%	\$ (5,661)	(9)%	\$ (3,437)	(2)%	\$ (9,083)	(8)%

### Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019

#### Net Sales

The following table sets forth net sales by class of retailer:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2020			2019		
	% of		Store Count	% of		Store Count
Amount	Net Sales	Amount		Net Sales		
	(Dollars in thousands)					
Grocery (including Online), Mass and Club (1)	\$ 68,284	85%	16,929	\$ 49,921	83%	15,101
Pet Specialty and Natural (2)	11,696	15%	5,191	10,131	17%	5,313
Net Sales	\$ 79,980	100%	22,120	\$ 60,052	100%	20,414

- (1) Stores at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 consisted of 11,841 and 10,547 Grocery and 5,088 and 4,554 Mass and Club, respectively.  
(2) Stores at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 consisted of 4,728 and 4,872 Pet Specialty and 463 and 441 Natural, respectively.

Net sales increased \$19.9 million, or 33.2%, to \$80.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The \$19.9 million increase in net sales was driven by growth of \$18.4 million in our Grocery (including Online), Mass, and Club refrigerated channel and \$1.6 million in our Pet Specialty and Natural refrigerated channel. Our Freshpet Fridge store locations grew by 8.4% to 22,120 as of June 30, 2020 compared to 20,414 as of June 30, 2019.

#### Gross Profit

Gross profit increased \$6.6 million, or 24.2%, to \$33.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase in gross profit was primarily driven by higher net sales, offset by increased cost.

Gross profit margin of 42.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 decreased 310 basis points compared to the same period in the prior year, due to COVID-19 related cost of 190 basis points, plant start-up cost of 90 basis points, increased processing cost of 60 basis points, increased depreciation mainly related to Kitchens South of 50 basis points, and increased stock compensation cost of 30 basis points, partially offset by increase in sales price and shifting selling mix of 110 basis points.

Adjusted Gross Profit was \$39.2 million and \$29.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Adjusted Gross Profit Margin was 49.1% and 48.5% in the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Adjusted Gross Profit excludes \$2.6 million of depreciation expense, \$0.5 million of share-based compensation expense, \$1.5 million in COVID-19 expenses, and \$0.7 million of plant start-up expense in the three months ended June 30, 2020 and excludes \$1.6 million of depreciation expense and \$0.2 million of share-based compensation expense in the three months ended June 30, 2019. See “—Non-GAAP Financial Measures” for how we define Adjusted Gross Profit and a reconciliation of Adjusted Gross Profit to Gross Profit, the closest comparable U.S. GAAP measure.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$1.0 million, or 3.2%, to \$33.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Key components of the dollar increase include higher incremental operating costs of \$1.4 million, higher variable cost due to volume of \$1.2 million and depreciation and options expense of \$1.1 million, offset by decreased media expense of \$2.7 million. The increased operating expenses were primarily due to new hires, and increased employee incentive and benefit costs. As a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to 42.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 from 54.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2019.

Adjusted SG&A decreased as a percentage of net sales to 35.1% in the three months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to 46.4% of net sales in the three months ended June 30, 2019. The decrease of 1,130 basis points in Adjusted SG&A is a result of 270 basis point gain in SG&A leverage, and 860 basis points leverage gain in media. Adjusted SG&A excludes \$2.9 million of depreciation expense, \$1.8 million of non-cash share-based compensation expense, \$0.7 million of launch expense, \$0.1 million in enterprise resource planning expense, and \$0.1 million COVID-19 expenses in the three months ended June 30, 2020 while excluding \$2.3 million of depreciation and amortization expense, \$1.2 million for share-based compensation expense, \$0.9 million of launch expense and \$0.3 million of secondary offering expense in the three months ended June 30, 2019. See “—Non-GAAP Financial Measures” for how we define Adjusted SG&A and a reconciliation of Adjusted SG&A to SG&A, the closest comparable U.S. GAAP measure.

Income (Loss) from Operations decreased \$5.1 million to a profit of \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year as a result of the factors discussed above.

### Interest Expense

Interest expense relating to our credit facilities was \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020, while interest expense was \$0.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2019.

### Other Income/(Expenses), net

Other income (expenses), net increased less than \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in the prior year.

### Net Income (Loss)

Net Income (loss) increased \$5.8 million to income of \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to loss of \$5.7 million for the same period in the prior year as a result of the factors discussed above.

## Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

### Net Sales

The following table sets forth net sales by class of retailer:

	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2020			2019		
	% of		Store Count	% of		Store Count
Amount	Net Sales	Amount		Net Sales		
	(Dollars in thousands)					
Grocery (including Online), Mass and Club (1)	\$ 129,103	86%	16,929	\$ 95,628	83%	15,101
Pet Specialty and Natural (2)	20,975	14%	5,191	19,216	17%	5,313
Net Sales	<u>\$ 150,078</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>22,120</u>	<u>\$ 114,844</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>20,414</u>

(1) Stores at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 consisted of 11,841 and 10,547 Grocery and 5,088 and 4,554 Mass and Club, respectively.

(2) Stores at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 consisted of 4,728 and 4,872 Pet Specialty and 463 and 441 Natural, respectively.

Net sales increased \$35.2 million, or 30.7%, to \$150.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The \$35.2 million increase in net sales was driven by growth of \$33.5 million in our Grocery (including Online), Mass, and Club refrigerated channel and \$1.7 million in our Pet Specialty and Natural refrigerated channel. Our Freshpet Fridge store locations grew by 8.4% to 22,120 as of June 30, 2020 compared to 20,414 as of June 30, 2019.

### Gross Profit

Gross profit increased \$12.5 million, or 23.4%, to \$65.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year. The increase in gross profit was primarily driven by higher net sales, offset by increased cost.

Gross profit margin of 43.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 decreased 260 basis points compared to the same period in the prior year, due to COVID-19 related cost of 120 basis points, plant start-up cost of 80 basis points, increased processing cost of 80 basis points, increased plant cost related to the ramp up of 7 day production of 50 basis points, increased depreciation mainly related to Kitchen South of 20 basis points, increased stock compensation cost of 20 basis points, partially offset by increase in sales price and shifting selling mix of 110 basis points.

Adjusted Gross Profit was \$73.9 million and \$56.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Adjusted Gross Profit Margin was 49.3% and 49.4% in the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Adjusted Gross Profit excludes \$4.3 million of depreciation expense, \$0.9 million of share-based compensation expense, \$1.8 million in COVID-19 expenses, and \$1.2 million of plant start-up expense in the six months ended June 30, 2020 and excludes \$3.2 million of depreciation expense and \$0.3 million of share-based compensation expense in the six months ended June 30, 2019. See "—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for how we define Adjusted Gross Profit and a reconciliation of Adjusted Gross Profit to Gross Profit, the closest comparable U.S. GAAP measure.

### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$6.5 million, or 10.5%, to \$68.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Key components of the dollar increase include higher incremental operating costs of \$2.6 million, higher variable cost due to volume of \$2.6 million and depreciation and options expense of \$2.3 million, partially offset by decreased media spend of \$1.0 million. The increased operating expenses were primarily due to new hires, and increased employee incentive and benefit costs. As a percentage of net sales, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to 45.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 from 53.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

Adjusted SG&A decreased as a percentage of net sales to 38.0% in the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to 45.9% of net sales in the six months ended June 30, 2019. The decrease of 790 basis points in Adjusted SG&A is a result of 260 basis point gain in SG&A leverage, and 540 basis points leverage gain in media. Adjusted SG&A excludes \$5.6 million of depreciation expense, \$3.5 million of non-cash share-based compensation expense, \$1.6 million of launch expense, \$0.4 million in enterprise resource planning expense, \$0.1 million in equity offering expense, and \$0.1 million in COVID-19 expenses in the six months ended June 30, 2020, while excluding \$4.5 million of depreciation and amortization expense, \$2.3 million for share-based compensation expense, \$2.0 million of launch expense, and \$0.3 million

of secondary offering expense in the six months ended June 30, 2019. See “—Non-GAAP Financial Measures” for how we define Adjusted SG&A and a reconciliation of Adjusted SG&A to SG&A, the closest comparable U.S. GAAP measure.

### **Loss from Operations**

Loss from Operations decreased \$6.0 million to \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year as a result of the factors discussed above.

### **Interest Expense**

Interest expense relating to our credit facilities was \$0.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, of which \$0.6 million related to the recognition of debt issuance fees with the repayment of the Draw Term Loan, while interest expense was \$0.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2019.

### **Other Income/(Expenses), net**

Other income (expenses), net increased less than \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in the prior year.

### **Net Loss**

Net loss decreased \$5.6 million to \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to loss of \$9.1 million for the same period in the prior year as a result of the factors discussed above.

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## **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

Freshpet uses the following non-GAAP financial measures in its financial communications. These non-GAAP financial measures should be considered as supplements to the GAAP reported measures, should not be considered replacements for, or superior to, the GAAP measures and may not be comparable to similarly named measures used by other companies.

- Adjusted Gross Profit
- Adjusted Gross Profit as a percentage of net sales (Adjusted Gross Margin)
- Adjusted SG&A expenses
- Adjusted SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales
- EBITDA
- Adjusted EBITDA
- Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of net sales

Such financial measures are not financial measures prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We define Adjusted Gross Profit as Gross Profit before non-cash depreciation expense, plant start-up expense, COVID-19 expenses and non-cash share-based compensation. We define Adjusted SG&A as SG&A expenses before depreciation and amortization expense, non-cash share-based compensation, launch expense, loss (gain) on disposal of equipment, fees related to equity offerings of our common stock, fees associated with due diligence of new enterprise resource planning (“ERP”) software and COVID-19 expenses. EBITDA represents net income (loss) plus interest expense, income tax expense, and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA represents EBITDA plus loss on disposal of equipment, non-cash share-based compensation, launch expenses, plant start-up expense, fees related to equity offerings of our common stock, COVID-19 expenses and fees associated with due diligence of new ERP software. We have changed our method for calculating Adjusted Gross Profit, Adjusted SG&A and Adjusted EBITDA in light of certain non-recurring expenses related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

We believe that each of these non-GAAP financial measures provide additional metrics to evaluate our operations and, when considered with both our U.S. GAAP results and the reconciliation to the closest comparable U.S. GAAP measures, provide a more complete understanding of our business than could be obtained absent this disclosure. We use the non-GAAP financial measures, together with U.S. GAAP financial measures, such as net sales, gross profit margins and cash flow from operations, to assess our historical and prospective operating performance, to provide meaningful comparisons of operating performance across periods, to enhance our understanding of our operating performance and to compare our performance to that of our peers and competitors.

Adjusted EBITDA is also an important component of internal budgeting and setting management compensation.

The non-GAAP financial measures are presented here because we believe they are useful to investors in assessing the operating performance of our business without the effect of non-cash items, and other items as detailed below. The non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation or as alternatives to net income (loss), income (loss) from operations or any other measure of financial performance calculated and prescribed in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Neither EBITDA nor Adjusted EBITDA should be considered a measure of discretionary cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business. Our non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures in other organizations because other organizations may not calculate non-GAAP financial measures in the same manner as we do.

Our presentation of the non-GAAP financial measures should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by the expenses that are excluded from that term or by unusual or non-recurring items. We recognize that the non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical financial measures. For example, the non-GAAP financial measures do not reflect:

- our capital expenditures or future requirements for capital expenditures;
- the interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest expense or principal payments, associated with indebtedness;
- depreciation and amortization, which are non-cash charges, although the assets being depreciated and amortized will likely have to be replaced in the future, nor any cash requirements for such replacements; and

- changes in or cash requirements for our working capital needs.

Additionally, Adjusted EBITDA excludes (i) non-cash share-based compensation expense, which is and will remain a key element of our overall long-term incentive compensation package, and (ii) certain costs essential to our sales growth and strategy, including an allowance for marketing expenses for each new store added to our network and non-capitalizable freight costs associated with Freshpet Fridge replacements. Adjusted EBITDA also excludes certain cash charges resulting from matters we consider not to be indicative of our ongoing operations. Other companies in our industry may calculate the non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

The following table provides a reconciliation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA to net loss, the most directly comparable financial measure presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Net income (loss)	\$ 153	\$ (5,661)	\$ (3,437)	\$ (9,083)
Depreciation and amortization	5,441	3,923	9,894	7,643
Interest expense	80	276	784	379
Income tax expense	22	19	43	38
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 5,696</b>	<b>\$ (1,443)</b>	<b>\$ 7,284</b>	<b>\$ (1,023)</b>
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment	34	(7)	36	1
Non-cash share-based compensation	2,286	1,430	4,464	2,630
Launch expense (a)	686	948	1,642	2,071
Plant start-up expenses (b)	725	—	1,192	—
Equity offering expenses (c)	—	265	58	299
Enterprise Resource Planning (d)	129	—	402	—
COVID-19 expense (e)	1,642	—	1,859	—
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 11,199</b>	<b>\$ 1,193</b>	<b>\$ 16,938</b>	<b>\$ 3,978</b>
Adjusted EBITDA as a % of Net Sales	14.0%	2.0%	11.3%	3.5%

- (a) Represents new store marketing allowance of \$1,000 for each store added to our distribution network, as well as the non-capitalized freight costs associated with Freshpet Fridge replacements. The expense enhances the overall marketing spend to support our growing distribution network.
- (b) Represents additional operating costs incurred in connection with the start-up of our new manufacturing lines as part of the Freshpet Kitchens expansion projects.
- (c) Represents fees associated with public offerings of our common stock.
- (d) Represents fees associated with due diligence of new Enterprise Resource Planning software.
- (e) Represents COVID-19 expenses including (i) costs incurred to protect the health and safety of our employees during the COVID-19 pandemic, (ii) temporary increased compensation expense to ensure continued operations during the pandemic, and (iii) costs related to mitigate potential supply chain disruptions during the pandemic.

The following table provides a reconciliation of Adjusted Gross Profit to Gross Profit, the most directly comparable financial measure presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Gross Profit	\$ 33,933	\$ 27,327	\$ 65,723	\$ 53,242
Depreciation expense (a)	2,550	1,589	4,294	3,155
Plant start-up expense (b)	725	—	1,192	—
Non-cash share-based compensation (c)	493	186	941	334
COVID-19 expense (d)	1,546	—	1,763	—
<b>Adjusted Gross Profit</b>	<b>\$ 39,248</b>	<b>\$ 29,102</b>	<b>\$ 73,914</b>	<b>\$ 56,731</b>
Adjusted Gross Profit as a % of Net Sales	49.1%	48.5%	49.3%	49.4%

- (a) Represents depreciation and amortization expense included in cost of goods sold.
- (b) Represents additional operating costs incurred in connection with the start-up of our new manufacturing lines as part of the Freshpet Kitchens expansion projects.
- (c) Represents non-cash share-based compensation expense included in cost of goods sold.
- (d) Represents COVID-19 expenses including (i) costs incurred to protect the health and safety of our employees during the COVID-19 pandemic, (ii) temporary increased compensation expense to ensure continued operations during the pandemic, and (iii) costs related to mitigate potential supply chain disruptions during the pandemic included in cost of goods sold.

The following table provides a reconciliation of Adjusted SG&A Expenses to SG&A Expenses, the most directly comparable financial measure presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019

	(Dollars in thousands)			
SG&A expenses	\$ 33,702	\$ 32,672	\$ 68,378	\$ 61,904
Depreciation and amortization expense (a)	2,891	2,334	5,600	4,486
Non-cash share-based compensation (b)	1,793	1,244	3,523	2,296
Launch expense (c)	686	948	1,642	2,071
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment	34	(7)	36	1
Equity offering expenses (d)	—	265	58	299
Enterprise Resource Planning (e)	129	—	402	—
COVID-19 expense (f)	96	—	96	—
<b>Adjusted SG&amp;A Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 28,073</b>	<b>\$ 27,888</b>	<b>\$ 57,020</b>	<b>\$ 52,751</b>
Adjusted SG&A Expenses as a % of Net Sales	35.1%	46.4%	38.0%	45.9%

- (a) Represents non-cash depreciation expense included in SG&A.
- (b) Represents non-cash share-based compensation expense included in SG&A.
- (c) Represents new store marketing allowance of \$1,000 for each store added to our distribution network, as well as the non-capitalized freight costs associated with Freshpet Fridge replacements. The expense enhances the overall marketing spend to support our growing distribution network.
- (d) Represents fees associated with public offerings of our common stock.
- (e) Represents fees associated with due diligence of new Enterprise Resource Planning software.
- (f) Represents COVID-19 expenses including (i) costs incurred to protect the health and safety of our employees during the COVID-19 pandemic, (ii) temporary increased compensation expense to ensure continued operations during the pandemic, and (iii) costs related to mitigate potential supply chain disruptions during the pandemic included in SG&A.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Developing our business will require significant capital in the future. To meet our capital needs, we expect to rely on our current and future cash flow from operations and our current and future available borrowing capacity. Our ability to obtain additional funding will be subject to various factors, including general market conditions, our operating performance, the market's perception of our growth potential, lender sentiment and our ability to incur additional debt in compliance with other contractual restrictions, such as financial covenants under our debt agreements.

Additionally, our ability to make payments on, and to refinance, any indebtedness under our credit facilities and to fund any necessary expenditures for our growth will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future. If our business does not achieve the levels of profitability or generate the amount of cash that we anticipate or if we expand faster than anticipated, we may need to seek additional debt or equity financing to operate and expand our business. Future third-party financing may not be available on favorable terms or at all.

Our primary cash needs are for ingredients, packaging and operating expenses, marketing expenses and capital expenditures to procure Freshpet Fridges and expand and improve our manufacturing plant to support our net sales growth.

Over the next three years we also expect to invest over \$300 million in capital expenditures to expand our plant capacity and increase distribution. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, expected cash flow from operations and planned borrowing capacity are adequate to fund debt service requirements, operating lease obligations, capital expenditures and working capital obligations for the foreseeable future. From time to time, we may seek to raise additional capital by accessing the debt and/or equity markets to fund capital expenditures or otherwise. However, our ability to continue to meet our capital resource requirements and obligations will depend on, among other things, our ability to achieve anticipated levels of revenue and cash flow from operations, our ability to manage costs and working capital successfully and our ability to access the debt and equity markets. Additionally, our cash flow generation ability is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors and other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations in an amount sufficient to enable us to fund our liquidity needs. Further, our capital requirements may vary materially from those currently planned if, for example, our revenues do not reach expected levels, or we have to incur unforeseen capital expenditures and make investments to maintain our competitive position. If this is the case, we may seek alternative financing, such as selling additional debt or equity securities, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to do so on favorable terms, if at all. Moreover, if we issue new debt securities, the debt holders would have rights senior to common stockholders to make claims on our assets, and the terms of any debt could restrict our operations, including our ability to pay dividends on our common stock. If we issue additional equity or convertible debt securities, existing stockholders may experience dilution, and such new securities could have rights senior to those of our common stock. These factors may make the timing, amount, terms and conditions of additional financings unattractive. Our inability to raise capital could impede our growth or otherwise require us to forego growth opportunities and could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, our working capital:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
	(Dollars in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 107,728	\$ 9,472
Short-term investments	20,001	—
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	22,651	18,581
Inventories, net	18,693	12,542
Prepaid expenses	2,782	3,276
Other current assets (1)	765	10,453
Accounts payable	(9,090)	(18,668)
Accrued expenses (1)	(8,986)	(22,133)
Current operating lease liabilities	(1,337)	(1,185)
<b>Total Working Capital</b>	<b>\$ 153,207</b>	<b>\$ 12,338</b>

- (1) Includes a \$10.1 million legal contingency that was recorded as both a liability within accrued expenses, and a \$10.1 million insurance receivable at December 31, 2020. The legal contingency was settled during the second quarter of 2020; the entire legal contingency

Working capital consists of current assets net of current liabilities. Working capital increased \$140.9 million to \$153.2 million at June 30, 2020 compared with working capital of \$12.3 million at December 31, 2019. The increase was mainly a result of the equity raise presented within cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments, and an increase in accounts receivable and inventories, as well as a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses. The increase in accounts receivable and inventories is mainly due to the growing business. The decrease in accounts payable was mainly due to the timing of capital expenditure spend. The decrease in accrued expenses, net of the legal contingency, is mainly a result of the timing of our variable compensation.

We normally carry three to four weeks of finished goods inventory. The average duration of our accounts receivable is approximately three to four weeks.

As of June 30, 2020, our capital resources consisted primarily of \$107.7 million of cash on hand, \$20.0 million in short-term investments, \$35.0 million available under our credit facilities, of which \$2.0 million is reserved for two Letters of Credit, and \$130.0 million delayed draw term loan facility.

We expect to fund our ongoing operations and obligations with cash and cash equivalents, cash flow from operations and available funds under our credit facilities.

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, our beginning balance of cash, net cash flows provided by (or used in) operating, investing and financing activities and our ending balance of cash:

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>(Dollars in thousands)</b>	
Cash at the beginning of period	\$ 9,472	\$ 7,554
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,118)	(9,835)
Net cash used in investing activities	(93,252)	(22,889)
Net cash provided by financing activities	196,626	29,923
Cash at the end of period	<u>\$ 107,728</u>	<u>\$ 4,753</u>

### ***Net Cash Used in Operating Activities***

Cash used in operating activities consists primarily of net loss adjusted for certain non-cash items (i.e., provision for loss on receivables, loss/(gain) on disposal of equipment, change in reserve for inventory obsolescence, depreciation and amortization, amortization of deferred financing costs and loan discount, and share-based compensation).

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, net cash used in operating activities of \$5.1 million was primarily attributed to:

- \$16.5 million increase in working capital mainly due to a \$0.1 million change in assets and a \$16.6 million change in liabilities.
- \$0.4 million increase in other lease liabilities.

This was partially offset by:

- \$11.8 million of net income, adjusted for reconciling non-cash items, which excludes \$15.2 million primarily related to \$9.9 million of depreciation and amortization, \$4.5 million of share-based compensation, and \$0.7 million of amortization of deferred financing costs and loan discount.

For the six months ended June 30, 2019, net cash used in operating activities of \$9.8 million was primarily attributed to:

- \$11.4 million increase in working capital mainly due to \$11.4 million increase in assets, a result of an increase in inventory, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other current assets

This was partially offset by:

- \$1.4 million of net income, adjusted for reconciling non-cash items, which excludes \$10.4 million primarily related to \$2.6 million of share-based compensation and \$7.6 million of depreciation and amortization.
- \$0.2 million increase in other assets and liabilities.

### ***Net Cash Used in Investing Activities***

Net cash used in investing activities of \$93.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, was primarily related to:

- \$60.4 million in capital expenditures for Freshpet Kitchens, of which \$56.8 million relates to the Freshpet Kitchens and other expansion projects and \$3.6 million relates to recurring capital expenditures.
- \$12.9 million in capital expenditures relating to investment in fridges and other capital spend.
- \$20.0 million purchase of short term investments.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$22.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, was primarily related to:

- \$12.8 million in capital expenditures for Freshpet Kitchens, of which \$10.9 million relates to the Freshpet Kitchens expansion and \$1.9 million relates to recurring capital expenditures.
- \$10.1 million in capital expenditures relates to investment in fridges and other capital spend.



### **Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities**

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$196.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, attributable to:

- \$252.1 million of proceeds from common shares issued in primary offering, net of issuance cost.
- \$20.9 million of proceeds from borrowings under our credit facilities.
- \$2.1 million cash proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

This was partially offset by:

- \$76.0 million repayment of borrowings under credit facilities.
- \$1.6 million for tax withholdings related to net share settlements of restricted stock units.
- \$0.8 million for debt issuance cost related to the new credit facility.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$29.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019, attributable to:

- \$35.3 million of proceeds from borrowings under our credit facilities.
- \$3.8 million cash proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

This was partially offset by:

- \$7.5 million repayment of borrowings under our credit facilities.
- \$1.3 million for tax withholdings related to net share settlements of restricted stock units.
- \$0.4 million financing fees paid in connection with borrowings.

### **Indebtedness**

For a discussion of our material indebtedness, see Note 5 to our consolidated financial statements included in this report.

### **Contractual Obligations**

There were no material changes to our commitments under contractual obligations, as disclosed in our latest Annual Report Form 10-K.

### **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have no off balance sheet arrangements or any holdings in variable interest entities.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Estimates**

Our management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the revenue and expenses incurred during the reported periods. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and judgments, including those related to accrued expenses and share-based compensation. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not apparent from other sources. Changes in estimates are reflected in reported results for the period in which they become known. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates as compared to the critical accounting policies and estimates described in our latest Annual Report Form 10-K.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

#### **Recently Adopted Standards:**

See Note 1 of our consolidated financial statements for additional information.

#### **Standards Effective in Future Years:**

We consider the applicability and impact of all Accounting Standards Updates (ASUs) issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). ASUs not listed herein were assessed and determined to be either not applicable or are expected to have minimal impact to our consolidated financial statements.

## **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks**

### **Interest Rate Risk**

We are sometimes exposed to market risks from changes in interest rates on debt and changes in commodity prices. Our exposure to interest rate fluctuations is limited to our outstanding indebtedness under our credit facilities, which bears interest at variable rates. As of June 30, 2020, we did not have any outstanding borrowings under our credit facilities.

### **Commodity Price Risk**

We purchase certain products that are affected by commodity prices and are, therefore, subject to price volatility caused by weather, market conditions and other factors which are not considered predictable or within our control. In many cases, we believe we will be able to address material commodity cost increases by either increasing prices or reducing operating expenses. However, increases in commodity prices, without adjustments to pricing or reduction to operating expenses, could increase our operating costs as a percentage of our net sales.

### **Foreign Exchange Rates**

Fluctuations in the currencies of countries where the Company operates outside the U.S. may have a significant impact on financial results. The Company is exposed to movements in the British pound sterling and Euro. The Statements of Financial Position of non-U.S. business units are translated into U.S. dollars using period-end exchange rates for assets and liabilities and weighted-average exchange rates for revenues and expenses. The percentage of consolidated revenue for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 recognized in Europe was approximately 1%.

The Company may, from time to time, enter into forward exchange contracts to reduce the Company's exposure to foreign currency fluctuations of certain assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Historically, the foreign currency forward contracts have not been designated as hedges and, accordingly, any changes in their fair value are recognized on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) in Other expenses, net, and carried at their fair value in the Consolidated Balance Sheet with gains reported in prepaid expenses and other current assets and losses reported in accrued expenses. As of June 30, 2020, there were no forward contracts outstanding.

## **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that as of such date our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

### **Changes in Internal Control**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in management's evaluation pursuant to Rules 13a-15(d) or 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### **Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls and Procedures**

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believes that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and are effective at the reasonable assurance level. However, our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

## **PART II—OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

A securities lawsuit, *Curran v. Freshpet, Inc. et al*, Docket No. 2:16-cv-02263, was instituted on April 21, 2016 in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey against the Company and certain of the Company's current and former executive officers and directors on behalf of certain purchasers of our common stock. The plaintiffs sought to recover damages for investors under the federal securities laws. On October 3, 2019, the parties filed with the District Court a motion for preliminary approval of settlement that attached the parties' stipulation of settlement and a proposed order. The settlement funds due were paid by the Company's insurers, and the District Court approved the Final Judgment and Order of Dismissal with Prejudice on March 11, 2020 with a 30 day option to appeal. As of June 30, 2020, all settlement funds and legal fees related to the lawsuit had been dispersed as there was no appeal taken within 30 days from the entry of the Final Judgment. The Final Judgment became effective April 10, 2020.

A shareholder derivative lawsuit, *Meldon v. Freshpet, Inc. et al*, Docket No. 2:18-cv-10166, was instituted June 5, 2018 in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey against us and certain of our current and former executive officers and directors on behalf of certain holders of our common stock. We were served with a copy of the complaint in June 2018. The plaintiffs seek to recover damages for investors based on state law claims (alleged breaches of fiduciary duty, waste, and unjust enrichment) in connection with the alleged

violations of federal securities laws alleged in the Curran action. On April 3, 2019, the Court granted a stay of the Meldon case pending (i) the close of expert discovery in the Curran action or (ii) the dismissal with prejudice of the Curran action. The parties then entered into settlement discussions, after which the parties reached an agreement in principle to settle the case based on the Company's commitment to continue certain governance practices. The parties also reached agreement on attorneys' fees. The settlement is subject to Court approval. All parties believe that the agreement in principle to settle the dispute is in their respective best interests in order to avoid the risk, uncertainty, and costs associated with litigation. The parties are in the process of finalizing the settlement documents for submission to the District Court. As of June 30, 2020, the Company accrued for an estimated probable loss of \$0.2 million, which represents the proposed settlement and accrued legal fees. The Company concluded that the insurance recovery is probable and recorded a gain contingency of \$0.2 million within other current assets.

In addition, we are currently involved in various claims and legal actions that arise in the ordinary course of our business, including claims resulting from employment related matters. None of these claims or proceedings, most of which are covered by insurance, are expected to have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. However, a significant increase in the number of these claims or an increase in amounts owing under successful claims could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

#### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

The information set forth below supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, the "Risk Factors" section in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, for the year ended December 31, 2019.

***The COVID-19 outbreak has had a material impact on the U.S. and global economies and could have a material adverse impact on our employees, suppliers, customers and end consumers, which could adversely and materially impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

In December 2019, a novel coronavirus disease ("COVID-19") was reported and in January 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") declared it a Public Health Emergency of International Concern. In late February 2020, the WHO raised its assessment of the COVID-19 threat from high to very high at a global level due to the continued increase in the number of cases and affected countries, and in March 2020, the WHO characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic.

COVID-19 may affect demand for our products due to quarantines, government restrictions on movements, or other societal changes. Governmental or societal impositions of restrictions on public gatherings, especially if prolonged in nature, may have adverse effects on in-person traffic to retail stores and, in turn, our business. Even the perceived risk of infection or health risk may adversely affect traffic to retail customers and, in turn, our business, liquidity, financial condition and results of operations. Further, if any circumstances related to the pandemic cause consumers to change how they feel about the presence of pets in their households, that could have a material impact on demand.

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The spread of pandemics, epidemics or disease outbreaks such as COVID-19 may also disrupt our third party business partners' ability to meet their obligations to us, which may negatively affect our operations. These third parties include those who supply our ingredients, packaging, and other necessary operating materials, contract manufacturers, distributors, and logistics and transportation services providers. As a result of the current COVID-19 outbreak, transport restrictions related to quarantines or travel bans have been put in place and global supply may become constrained, each of which may cause the price of certain ingredients and raw materials used in our products to increase and/or we may experience disruptions to our operations.

Workforce limitations and travel restrictions resulting from pandemics, epidemics or disease outbreaks such as COVID-19 and related government actions may affect many aspects of our business. If a significant percentage of our workforce is unable to work, including because of illness or travel or government restrictions in connection with pandemics or disease outbreaks, our operations, including manufacturing at our Freshpet Kitchens may be negatively affected. Additionally, the Company has incurred, and may continue to incur additional costs related to initiatives that increase workplace safety and attempt to minimize potential manufacturing shutdowns.

Our results of operations depend on, among other things, our ability to maintain and increase sales volume with our existing retail customers and consumers, and to attract new customers and consumers. Our ability to implement our advertising, increase our distribution, and innovate new products, that are designed to increase and maintain sales volumes may be negatively affected as a result of decreased retailer traffic, modifications to retailer shelf reset timing or other activities during the COVID-19 outbreak. Retailers may also alter their normal inventory receiving and product restocking practices during pandemics, epidemics or disease outbreaks such as COVID-19, which may negatively impact our business.

Adverse and uncertain economic conditions, such as decreases in per capita income and level of disposable income, increased unemployment or a decline in consumer confidence as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak or similar situations, could have an adverse effect on distributor, retailer and consumer demand for our products. Consumers may shift purchases to lower-priced or other perceived value offerings during economic downturns. Prolonged unfavorable economic conditions, including as a result of COVID-19 or similar outbreaks, and any resulting recession or slowed economic growth, may have an adverse effect on our sales and profitability.

Towards the second half of Q1 2020, consumer demand for our products surged. During this surge, we could not fulfill demand for all of our product orders. If such surges outpace our capacity build or occur at unexpected times, we may be unable to fully meet our consumers' and customers' demands for our products. Further, it is unknown what impact a "second wave" of outbreaks in 2020 or beyond could have on our operations and workforce. Such impacts could include effects on our business and operations from additional government restrictions on travel, shipping and workforce activities, including stay-at-home orders.

Our efforts to manage and mitigate these factors may be unsuccessful, and the effectiveness of these efforts depends on factors beyond our control, including the duration and severity of any pandemic, epidemic or disease outbreak, as well as third party actions taken to contain its spread and mitigate public health effects.

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**Item 6. Exhibits**

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
10.1	<a href="#"><u>Fifth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement Amendment, dated April 17, 2020, by and among the Company and City National Bank, a national banking association, as the arranger and administrative agent, and the lenders thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 20, 2020).</u></a>
31.1*	<a href="#"><u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u></a>
31.2*	<a href="#"><u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u></a>
32.1*	<a href="#"><u>Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u></a>
EX-101.INS*	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the inline XBRL document.
EX-101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
EX-101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
EX-101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
EX-101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
EX-101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
EX-104	Inline XBRL Formatted Cover Page (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

\* Filed herewith.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 4, 2020

**FRESHPET, INC.**

/s/ William B. Cyr  
William B. Cyr  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Richard Kassar  
Richard Kassar  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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## CERTIFICATIONS

I, William B. Cyr, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Freshpet, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 4, 2020

/s/ William B. Cyr  
William B. Cyr  
Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATIONS

I, Richard Kassar, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Freshpet, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 4, 2020

/s/ Richard Kassar  
Richard Kassar  
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. § 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO § 906  
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the filing of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Freshpet, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods expressed in the Report.

Date: August 4, 2020

/s/ William B. Cyr  
William B. Cyr  
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Richard Kassar  
Richard Kassar  
Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.